Reasoning and Problem Solving Step 6: Block Diagrams

National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 2: (2S1) <u>Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables</u>

Mathematics Year 2: (2S2a) Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity

Mathematics Year 2: (2S2b) <u>Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data</u>

Differentiation:

Questions 1, 4 and 7 (Problem Solving)

Developing Use the stem sentences to create questions about the block diagram. Each block represents 1 and question stems refer to totalling and comparing data. Expected Use the stem sentences to create questions about the block diagram. Each block represents 2, 5 or 10 and question stems refer to totalling and comparing data. Greater Depth Use the stem sentences to create questions about the block diagram. Each block represents 2, 5 or 10, with some half blocks used. Question stems refer to totalling and comparing data. Not all increments are marked on the scale.

Questions 2, 5 and 8 (Reasoning)

Developing Explain which statement about the block diagram is correct. Each block represents 1 and statements refer to totalling and comparing data.

Expected Explain which statement about the block diagram is correct. Each block represents 2, 5 or 10 and statements refer to totalling and comparing data.

Creater Poptly Explain which statement about the block diagram is correct. Each block diagram is correct.

Greater Depth Explain which statement about the block diagram is correct. Each block represents 2, 5 or 10, with some half blocks used. Statements refer to totalling and comparing data. Not all increments are marked on the scale.

Questions 3, 6 and 9 (Reasoning)

Developing Explain what is the same and what is different between two different charts. In block diagrams, each block represents 1.

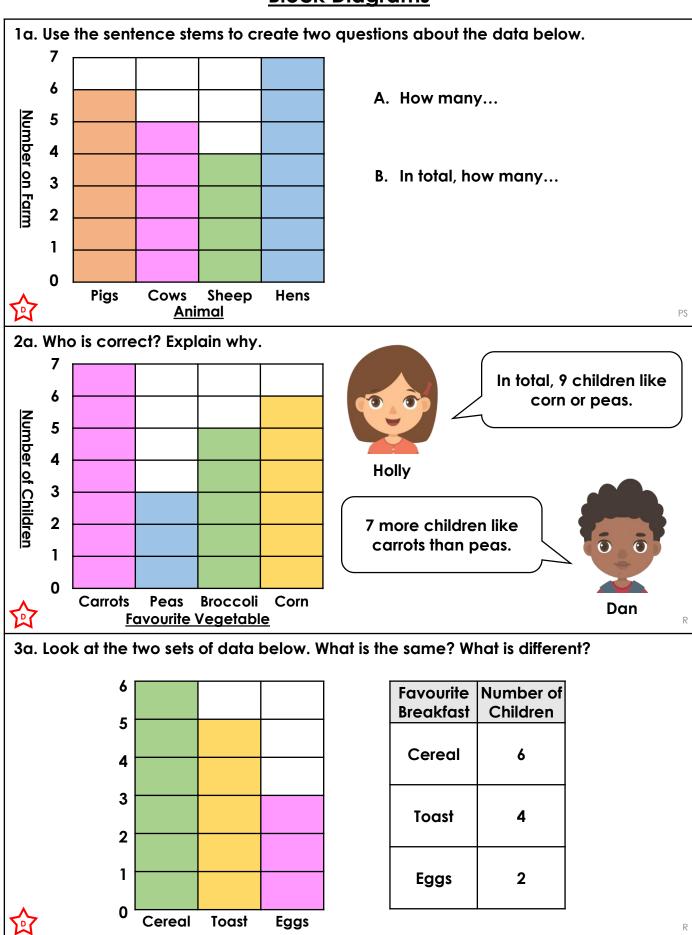
Expected Explain what is the same and what is different between three different charts. In block diagrams, each block represents 2, 5 or 10.

Greater Depth Explain what is the same and what is different between different charts. In block diagrams, each block represents 2, 5 or 10, with some half blocks used. Not all increments are marked on the scale.

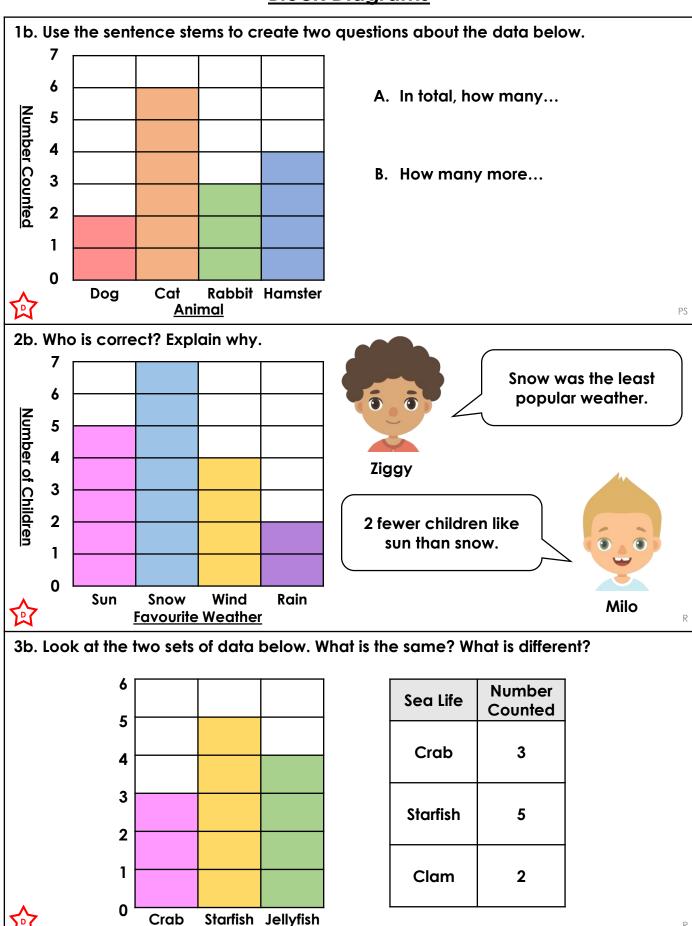
More Year 2 Statistics resources.

Did you like this resource? Don't forget to <u>review</u> it on our website.

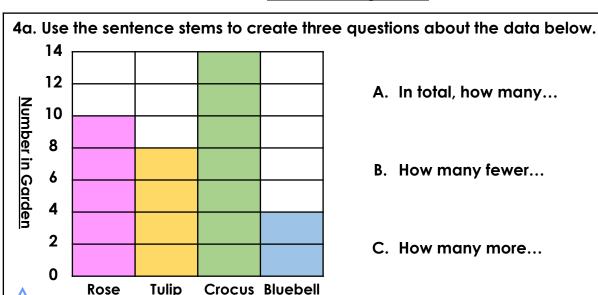






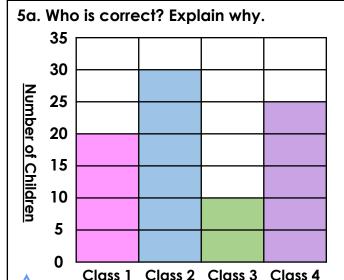






Flower

- A. In total, how many...
- B. How many fewer...
- C. How many more...



Class



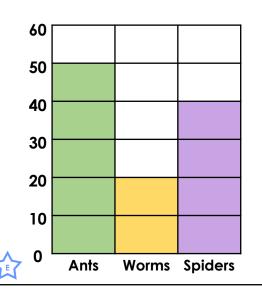
There are 35 children in classes 3 and 4 in total.

Anna

2 more children are in Class 1 than Class 3.



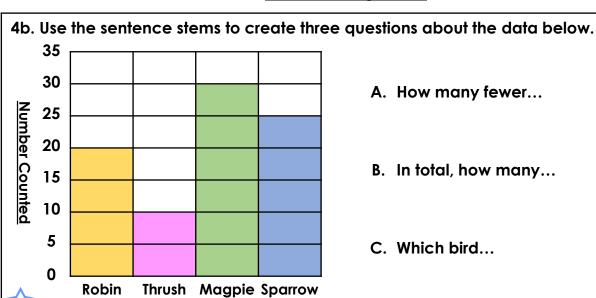
6a. Look at the three sets of data below. What is the same? What is different?



Bugs	Number Counted
Ants	32
Worms	20
Spiders	18

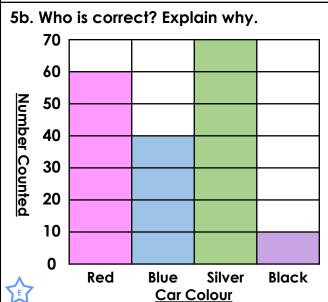
Bugs	Tally
Ants	
Worms	M M M M
Spiders	m m m m m

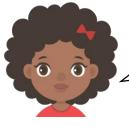




Bird

- A. How many fewer...
- B. In total, how many...
- C. Which bird...

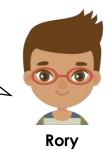




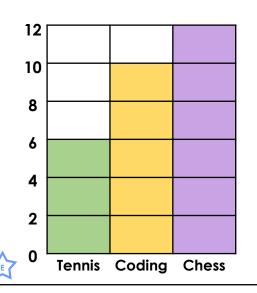
We counted 20 fewer blue cars than red cars.

Nina

In total, we counted 13 red and silver cars.



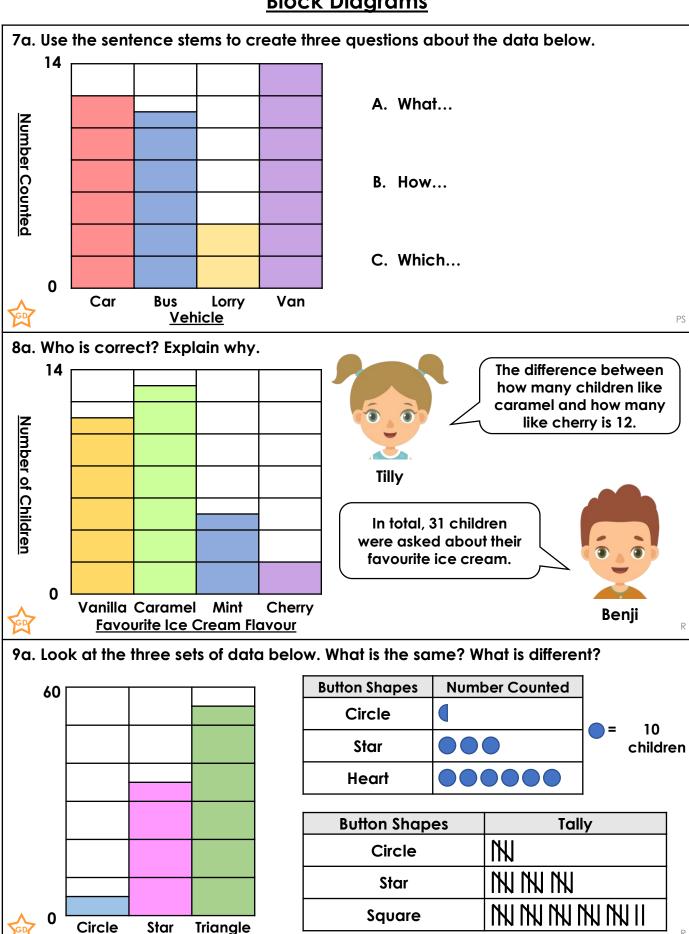
6b. Look at the three sets of data below. What is the same? What is different?



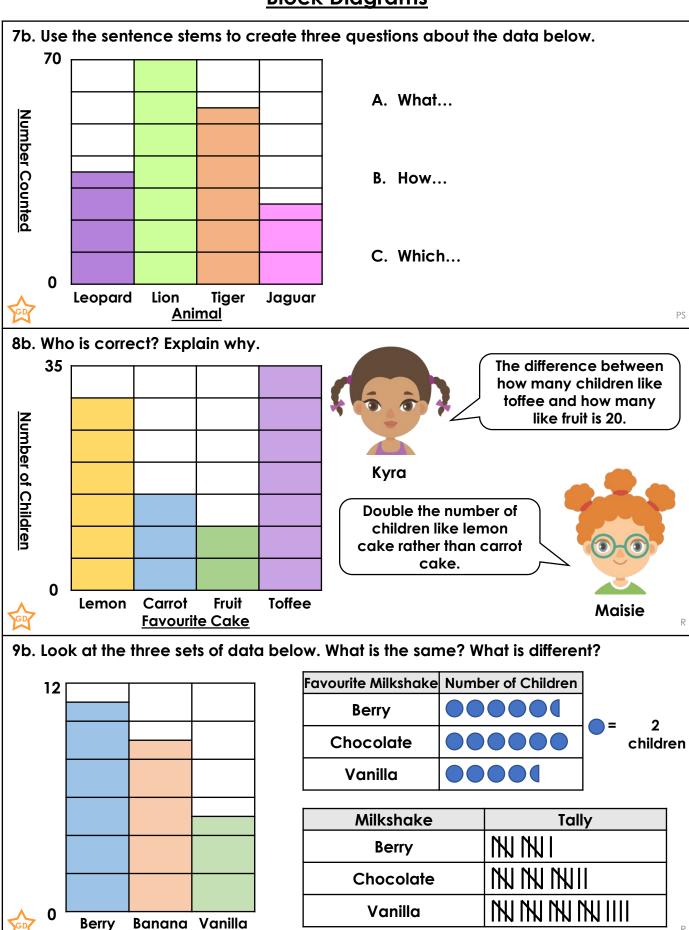
Club	Number of Children
Tennis	7
Coding	11
Chess	12

Club	Tally
Tennis	l/N
Coding	MMI
Chess	II WI WI











Reasoning and Problem Solving Block Diagrams

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Developing

1a. Various answers, for example: A. How many cows are there?; B. In total, how many pigs and sheep are there?

2a. Holly is correct because 3 + 6 = 9. Dan is incorrect because 7 - 3 = 4.

3a. Various answers, for example: Same → Both sets of data show 6 children like cereal the best. Different → The block diagram shows 5 people like toast but the table shows only 4 people like toast.

Expected

4a. Various answers, for example: A. In total, how many roses and tulips are there?; B. How many fewer bluebells are there than roses? C – How many more roses are there than tulips?

5a. Anna is correct because 10 + 25 = 35. Raj is incorrect because 20 - 10 = 10.

6a. Various answers, for example: Same → All charts show 20 worms. Different → All charts show a different amount of spiders.

Greater Depth

7a. Various answers, for example: A. What is the difference between the number of lorries and cars?; B. How many fewer lorries than vans were counted?; C. Which vehicle was the most common?
8a. Benji is correct because 11 + 13 + 5 + 2 = 31. Tilly is incorrect because 13 - 2 = 11.
9a. Various answers, for example:
Same → All charts show 5 circle button shapes. Different → All charts show a different amount of star button shapes.

Developing

1b. Various answers, for example: A. In total, how many rabbits and hamsters are there?; B. How many more cats are there than dogs?

2b. Milo is correct because 7 - 5 = 2. Ziggy is incorrect because rain was the least popular choice.

3b. Various answers, for example: Same → Both sets of data show 3 crabs and 5 starfish. Different → The block diagram shows 4 jellyfish but the pictogram shows only 2 clams.

Expected

4b. Various answers, for example: A. How many fewer robins are there than magpies?; B. In total, how many sparrows are there?; C. Which bird was the least common?

5b. Nina is correct because 60 - 40 = 20. Rory is incorrect because 60 + 70 = 130. 6b. Various answers, for example: Same \rightarrow All charts show 12 children went to chess club. Different \rightarrow Each chart shows that a different number of children went to tennis club.

Greater Depth

7b. Various answers, for example: A. What is the difference between the number of leopards and lions?; B. How many lions, tigers and jaguars are there in total?; C. Which animal was the most common? 8b. Maisie is correct because 15 children like carrot cake and 30 like lemon. Kyra is incorrect because 35 – 10 = 25.

9b. Various answers, for example: Same → All charts show 11 children liked berry flavour. Different → Each chart shows a different amount for vanilla.

